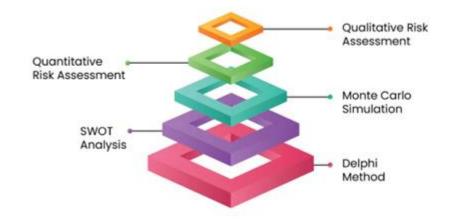
Chapter 7: Risk Analysis and Management

Methods of Risk Analysis in Project Management

ASSIT.PROF. JUTHAWUT CHANTHARAMALEE

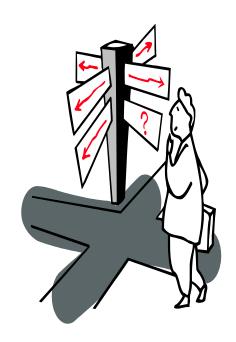
CURRICULUM OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

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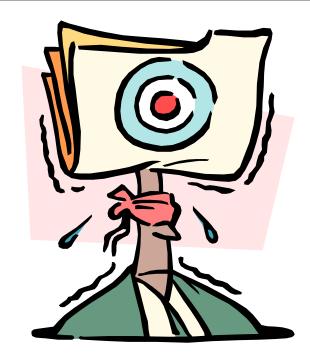
Software project

- 1. Vague requirement
- 2. User not sure of needs
- 3. Huge number of people
- 4. Large number of resources
- 5. Time span
- 6. Requirement changes



Core Risks

- 1. Ambitious time plan
- 2. Ambiguity in requirement
- 3. Requirement creep
- 4. Team turnout
- 5. Performance variance



Project manager

Software risk category

- 1. Project risk
- 2. Process risk
- 3. Product risk

Risk management process

- 1. Risk identification
- 2. Risk analysis
- 3. Risk planning
- 4. Risk monitoring
- 5. Risk resolving

Risk identification

- 1. Human resource
- 2. Organizational
- 3. Human resource
- 4. Tools
- 5. Estimation

Quantification of risk

Risk exposure

RE = Probability * consequence

Risk analysis

1. Questions

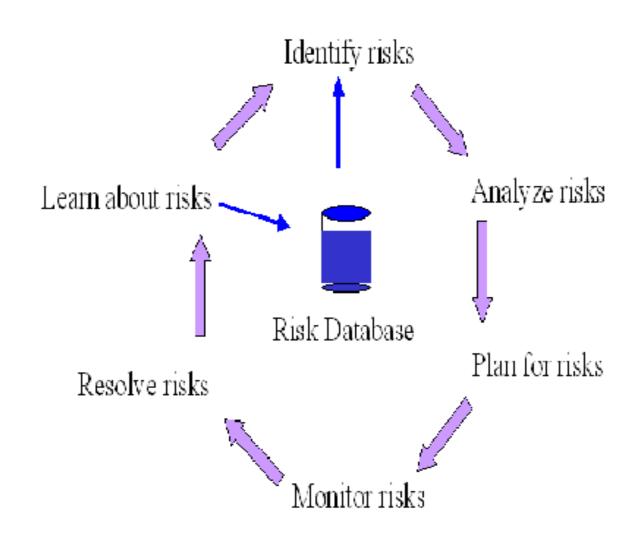
- What is causing the risk
- How much will it affect
- Are the risks dependent
- The probability that it will occur
- Is the exposure acceptable
- 2. Severity
- 3. probability

Risk planning

- Avoidance
- Protection
- Reduction
- Research
- Reserves
- Transfer

Risk management

- Risk resolving
- Risk documentation



Risk management

Levels of risk

- 1. Disaster management
- 2. Repair on failure
- 3. Risk mitigation
- 4. Prevention
- 5. Eliminate root cause

Finance and risk

Risk management poses extra expenses

Do we need this expense

- Medical insurance
- Spend on avoiding or solving

How much to spend

Risk exposure is considered

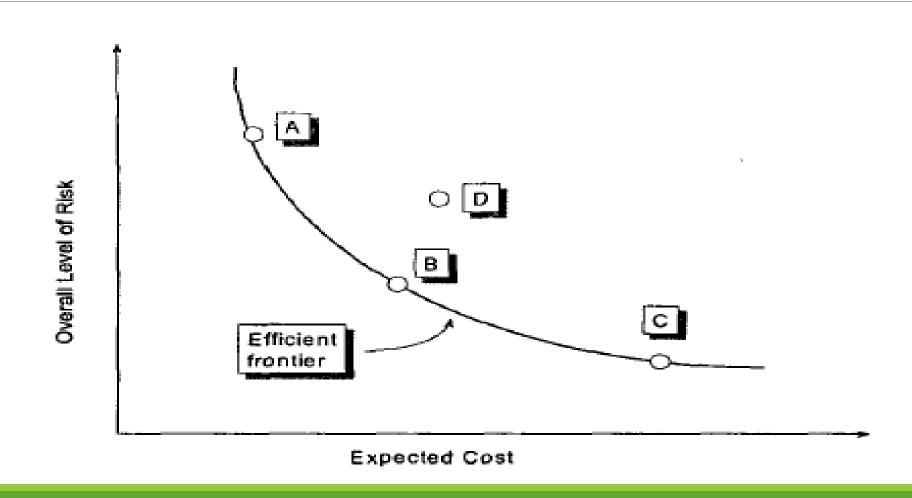
Is the risk exposure acceptable

Price versus budget

Which option to chose

- Cost
- ° Risk

Risk efficient frontier



Conclusion

- 1. Managing risk is important
- 2. Correct quantification gives correct picture
- 3. Risk management with over all project view
- 4. Balance between cost and risk

